Meadgate Primary School

Year 4 English Termly Planner: Autumn

Year overview of text types	Narrative	Non-fiction	Poetry (taught in short units)
Year 4	 Author study Fantasy or science fiction stories Myths and legends (2) Stories in unfamiliar settings (historical, geographical etc.) Adventure 	 Non-chronological reports (1) Recounts Instructions (3) Persuasion Explanation 	 Structured poetry Performance poetry

Writing Style Guide - Year 4

- Build an image
- Use metaphor
- Show emotion in writing
- Use '3_ed' sentences e.g. Confused, worried and bewildered, they peered through the trees
- Add emotion starters e.g. Ecstatic, she waved her exam results in the air
- · Add fronted adverbials e.g. Shaking with rage, she banged on the door
- Address questions directly to the reader (when, where, why, who, what, would, was, will, how, what if) e.g. Would you have agreed to such a thing?
- Use powerful verbs for speech
- Add more exact adjectives for colours e.g. russet
- Add ing and ed adjectives e.g. the swooping seagull
- Write in third person objective (the facts are reported by a seemingly neutral, impersonal observer or recorder)
- Remember the 'show don't tell' rule
- Nouns should be built upon every year. Children need to build up a stock of nouns to do with people, weather, animals, buildings, food, furniture, plants, landscape, materials etc.

Book Study	Author/ Genre Box
Greek Myths	Greek myths and legends
Marcia Williams	
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GREEK MYTHS	
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	Greek Myths Marcia Williams GREEK MYTHS

It should be noted that not all objectives will be recorded here. English is usually taught in a wide range of contexts and this is purely for planning units taught in regular English writing sessions. Additional time will be spent on reading and transcription skills. 'Outcomes' refer not only to learning outcomes but to the actual pieces that the pupils will write (or perform).

Objectives for Year 4 Term 1					
	In addition to previous learning, pupils should learn how to				
Spoken Language	Reading	Writing			
Speaking, Listening and Discussion	Word Reading	Planning, Composing and Evaluating			
Justify a view by giving reasons and	Try out different pronunciations to aid the decoding of unfamiliar,	Generate ideas for their writing			
evidence	longer words	Plan and write their own texts to suit a specific audience			
Make notes when listening	Use an understanding of morphology and etymology to aid them in	based on the structures, grammar and vocabulary of			
Use inclusion techniques in a group e.g.	reading unfamiliar words (link to spelling strand)	texts that they have studied			
questions, eye contact, people's names	Continue to build a knowledge of unusual grapheme phoneme	Create writing which is organised, imaginative and clear			
	correspondences	Compose and orally rehearse sentences and lines of			
Drama		poetry which are increasingly rich in structure and			
Articulate clearly and project the voice	Being a Reader	vocabulary			
Transcription	Listen to and discuss a range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction,	Use exciting and interesting vocabulary appropriate to			
Spelling	reference and text books	the text type			
Use a dictionary to check words	Identify and remember common structural and language conventions	Use paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme			
Investigate spelling patterns and	in different text types	Use stanzas to structure content in poems			
conventions	Read for a range of purposes	Read aloud their own work using a range of strategies			
Use etymology to aid spelling	Know and recognise some forms of poetry	(intonation, volume, tone etc.) to make the meaning			
Spell words with the suffix -ly	Prepare poems and playscripts to read aloud and perform,	clear			
Spell words with the -sure ending	considering speed, volume and action	Evaluate the work of others and suggest improvements			
Spell words with the -ture ending		Evaluate their work effectively and make improvements			
Spell words with the suffix -ous	Reading Comprehension	based on this			
Spell words with the suffix -al	Ask questions to improve their understanding of a text	Proof-read for spelling, grammar and punctuation errors			
Spell words with the suffix -ary	Empathise with characters and their situations	Change vocabulary and grammar for consistency and			
Spell words with the suffix -ic	Answer questions giving evidence from the text in their response	impact			
Spell common homophones e.g.	Predict what may happen and explain using stated and implied detail	Improve their writing style by adding new techniques to			
fair/fare, break/brake	from the text	their repertoire			
Spell the words complete, decide,	Summarise a text using the key points	Grammar, Punctuation and Vocabulary			
describe, different, difficult, February,	Use textual details and examples to support inferences and	Use correct grammatical terminology when discussing			
library, naughty, opposite, ordinary,	explanations about a text's meaning	their writing			
perhaps, popular, probably, regular,	Identify how the layout in book and screen-based texts aids the	Identify possessive pronouns e.g. my, mine, our, ours,			
suppose, surprise, various	reader	its, his, her, hers, their, theirs, your, yours, whose, and			
Write, from memory, simple dictated	Discuss language which has captured their interest	one's			
sentences using spelling and	Identify the author's purpose and adjust reading strategy accordingly	Use pronouns and nouns appropriately (for clarity and			
punctuation knowledge taught so far	e.g. consider the evidence in a persuasive text	cohesion and to avoid repetition)			
Choose the correct spelling by using a	Make connections between texts in terms of plot, similar characters,	Use connectives for cohesion across a text			
visual strategy ('Does it look right?')	same author etc.	Identify determiners			
Handrighting and Drassation	Being a Researcher Distinguish between feet and oninion in order to verify the accuracy.	Write more complex expanded noun phrases by adding			
Handwriting and Presentation	Distinguish between fact and opinion in order to verify the accuracy	prepositional phrases to the determiner, noun and			
Improve the quality of handwriting by	and reliability of information	adjective(s)			
tackling any issues consistently	Appraise the usefulness of a text for a task	Use inverted commas and other speech punctuation			
Develop fluency in typing	Use the strategies of skimming, scanning, close reading and key	appropriately			
	word searches to locate and select information				